
DEVELOPMENT

1. What will be the top priority in the developmental goal of a landless labourer?
(A) Expansion of rural banking
(B) More days of work and better wages
(C) Metal roads for transportation
(D) Establishment of a high school
2. What will be the aspiration of an educated urban unemployed youth?
(A) An educated urban unemployed youth will aspire for better opportunities in agriculture.
(B) Support from government at every step in life for his upward movement.
(C) An urban educated unemployed will aspire for good job opportunities where his education can be made use of.
(D) Better facilities of recreation for his leisure time.
3. Pick out the correct meaning listed below to define 'average income'.
(A) Average income of the country means the total income of the country.
(B) The average income is the same as per capita income.
(C) The average income in a country is the income of only employed people.
(D) The average income includes the value of property held
4. Which country can be considered as a developed country in the modern world? Select your answer from the following statements.
(A) Countries which have accumulated huge amount of wealth and always secures the future of their citizens. These countries are considered to be developed.
(B) Countries which are among the highest in the 'Human Development Index' are considered to be the developed countries.
(C) Only rich countries are considered to be developed because people have money to buy everything needed for human beings—both material and non-material.
(D) Iran is a rich country and therefore it is a developed country.
5. Money cannot buy all the goods and services that we may need to have a good life. A list of things required for a good life is given below. Which among the following are things money cannot buy?
(i) Full protection from infectious diseases
(ii) High quality education
(in) A luxury home
(iv) A pollution-free atmosphere in every part of the country
(A) (i) and(ii) (B) (ii) and (iii) (C) (i), (ii) and (in) (D) (i) and (iv)
6. HDI stands for 'Human Development Index' that focuses on _____ with one of the following options:
(A) life expectancy
(B) gross enrolment ratio for three levels of schooling
(C) national income
(D) All the above
7. What would be the most promising source of energy fifty years from now and why?
(A) Petroleum energy, because it is obtained from fossil fuels.
(B) Solar energy, because it is not exhaustible.

- (C) Coal based energy, because it is pollution- free.
(D) Forest product based energy, because India has abundant forests.
8. Pick out the cause (from below) that enhances environmental degradation:
(A) Planting of trees.
(B) Prevention of factory wastes getting mixed up with river water.
(C) Ban on use of plastic bags.
(D) Allowing increase in the level of exhaust fumes emitted by cars, buses, trucks, etc.
9. Which is the most common method of measuring economic development?
A Profit loss (B) Income (C) Sales (D) Import-export
10. What are the developmental goals of prosperous farmer from Punjab?
(A) settle their children abroad
(B) no social discrimination
(C) More hours of work
(D) Self-reliance
11. What brings about stable income?
(A) Better wages
(B) Work opportunities
(C) Regular work
(D) decent price for their crops or other products
12. Besides seeking more income, there is something people resent, what is it?
(A) Getting fewer wages for more work
(B) Discrimination
(C) No work
(D) Poverty
13. What is the one factor on which our life depends?
(A) employment
(B) Security of work
(C) Money, or material things that one can buy with it
(D) Freedom
14. If women are engaged in paid work, what difference does it make?
(A) Their dignity in the household and society decreases
(B) No difference
(C) No dignity
(D) their dignity in the household and society increases
15. Different persons could havenotions of a country's development.
(A) different as well as conflicting (B) Same
(C) Indifferent (D) No
16. What is considered to be one of the most important attributes when we compare countries at the level of development?
(A) Industrial development (B) Resources of the country
(C) Income (D) Import-export
17. More income means
(A) Average out of needs of people (B) more of all things that human beings need.
(C) No effect on the common man (D) More business

18. is the total income of the country divided by its total population?
 (A) per capita income (B) Gross income
 (C) Net income (D) Total income
19. In World Development Reports, brought out by the World Bank, which criterion is used in classifying countries?
 (A) Total income (B) Gross income (C) per capita income (D) Net income
20. Which of the following neighbouring countries has better performance in terms of human development than India?
 (A) Bangladesh (B) Sri Lanka (C) Nepal (D) Pakistan
21. Countries with per capita income of US\$ per annum and above in 2012, are called rich countries?
 (A) 12,126 (B) 11246 (C) 12616 (D) 10056
22. Countries with per capita income of US\$ ____ or less are called low-income countries.
 (A) 1035 (B) 885 (C) 955 (D) 855
23. Which category does India come under?
 (A) High-income countries
 (B) Low middle-income countries
 (C) Low-income countries
 (D) High middle-income countries
24. What was India's per capita income in 2012?
 (A) US\$ 1950 per annum (B) US\$ 1880 per annum
 (C) US\$ 1930 per annum (D) US\$ 1530 per annum.
25. What can money not buy you?
 (A) Unadulterated medicines (B) Pollution-free environment
 (C) Both A & B (D) Organic food
26. Why does Kerala have a low Infant Mortality Rate?
 (A) adequate provision of basic health and educational facilities
 (B) Suitable climate
 (C) Pollution Free environment
 (D) Good water
27. Over the past decade or so, indicators have come to be widely used along with income as a measure of development?
 (A) Health and education (B) health and nutrition
 (C) Child development (D) Human development
28. According to the Human Development Report, 2014, United Nations Development Programme which country have a higher Life expectancy at Birth rate than India?
 (A) Nepal (B) Pakistan
 (C) Bangladesh (D) Srilanka
29. Per Capita Income is calculated in for all countries?
 (A) Pounds (B) Euros (C) Dollars (D) Rupees
30. About districts have reported a water level decline of over 4 meters during the past 20 years?
 (A) 300 (B) 500 (C) 450 (D) 350
31. Nearly of the country is overusing their groundwater reserves?
 (A) One-third (B) Two-third (C) Half (D) One fourth

32. Where is groundwater overuse particularly found?
 (A) Assam (B) Shillong (C) Punjab (D) Karnataka
33. Groundwater is an example ofresources?
 (A) Renewable (B) Non-renewable (C) Protected (D) Reserve
34. Since the second half of the twentieth century, a number of scientists have been warning that.....
 (A) Health and nutrition is declining
 (B) per capita income is unstable
 (C) Levels of resources are not sustainable
 (D) levels of development are not sustainable.
35. How can we find out if we are properly nourished?
 (A) Through good weight and scale
 (B) Body Mass Index
 (C) Nutrient table
 (D) Height and weight table
36. The literacy rate for the rural population of males in Uttar Pradesh is.....
 (A) 73% (B) 58% (C) 52% (D) 78%
37. In the comparative data on Maharashtra, Kerala, and Bihar which state has the highest literacy rate?
 (A) Maharashtra (B) Kerala (C) Bihar (D) All are equal
38. In the data for the Per capita income of Maharashtra, Kerala, and Bihar-which state has the lowest per capita income?
 (A) Maharashtra (B) Kerala (C) Bihar (D) All equal
39. Human Development Report is published by
 (A) UNDP (B) World Bank (C) IMF (D) WHO
40. In the question given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and chose the correct option:
 Assertion (A): Different people have different developmental goals.
 Reason (R): Different people have different aspirations.
 (A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
 (B) Both A and R are true and R is the not correct explanation of A.
 (C) A is correct but R is wrong.
 (D) A is wrong but R is correct.
41. In the question given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and chose the correct option:
 Assertion (A): Kerala has low infant mortality rate.
 Reason (R): It has adequate provision of basic health and educational facilities.
 (A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
 (B) Both A and R are true and R is the not correct explanation of A.
 (C) A is correct but R is wrong.
 (D) A is wrong but R is correct.
42. Assertion: Black soils are black in colour due to diffusion of iron in crystalline and metamorphic rocks.
 Reason: They develop deep cracks during hot weather.
 (A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
 (B) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A.
 (C) A is true but B is false.
 (D) A is false but R is true.

DEVELOPMENT

ANSWERKEY

Que.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ans.	B	C	B	B	D	D	B	D	B	A
Que.	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Ans.	C	B	C	D	A	C	B	A	C	B
Que.	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Ans.	C	A	B	D	C	A	A	D	C	A
Que.	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
Ans.	A	C	A	D	B	C	B	C	A	A
Que.	41	42								
Ans.	A	D								